

Minerals Management Service, Interior

§ 210.52

(4) Magnetic or Cartridge Tape—A data storage medium used to transmit report data in an ASCII file format.

(b) MMS prefers that you use the media types in the order presented in paragraph (a) of this section to the extent it is cost effective and practical. As technology changes, MMS will consider other media types and the order of MMS preference may change. Refer to our electronic commerce brochure for the most current reporting options. You can receive a copy of our brochure by calling your MMS representative or by accessing our Internet site at www.rmp.mms.gov.

(c) Before you may begin reporting electronically:

(1) You must submit an electronic sample of your report for MMS approval using the MMS-supplied electronic reporting guidelines;

(2) MMS must notify you that your sample report has been approved;

(3) MMS must assign you a sender identification number and security code for any EDI transmissions; and

(4) MMS must assign you an originating address and compression software password for any e-mail transmissions.

[64 FR 38123, July 15, 1999]

§ 210.22 What are the exceptions to the electronic reporting requirements?

MMS will allow the following grace periods and exceptions to the electronic reporting requirements in § 210.20:

(a) If you become a new MMS reporter after any of the dates you are required to submit electronic reports under § 210.20(a), you have 3 months from the day your first report is due to begin reporting electronically;

(b) If you exceed the maximum number of lines you are allowed to report on paper under § 210.20(a), you have 3 months from the last day of the month in which you exceeded the line limit to begin reporting electronically;

(c) You are not required to report electronically if you report only rent, minimum royalty, or other annual obligations on the Form MMS-2014; and

(d) You are not required to report electronically if you are a small business as defined by the U.S. Small Business Administration, and you have no

computer, no resources to purchase a computer or contract with an electronic reporting service, nor access to a computer at a local library or other public facility.

[64 FR 38123, July 15, 1999]

Subpart B—Oil, Gas, and OCS Sulfur—General

AUTHORITY: The Federal Oil and Gas Royalty Management Act of 1982 (30 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*).

SOURCE: 49 FR 37345, Sept. 21, 1984, unless otherwise noted.

§ 210.50 Required recordkeeping.

Information required by the MMS shall be filed using the forms prescribed in this subpart, which are available from MMS. Records may be maintained in microfilm, microfiche, or other recorded media that is easily reproducible and readable.

§ 210.51 Payor information form.

The Payor Information Form (Form MMS-4025) must be filed for each Federal or Indian lease on which royalties are paid. Where specifically determined by MMS, Form MMS-4025 is also required for all Federal leases on which rent is due. The completed form must be filed by the party who is making the rent or royalty payment (payor) for each revenue source. Form MMS-4025 must be filed no later than 30 days after issuance of a new lease or a modification to an existing lease which changes the paying responsibility on the lease.

§ 210.52 Report of sales and royalty remittance.

(a) You must submit a completed Form MMS-2014 (Report of Sales and Royalty Remittance) to MMS with:

(1) All royalty payments; and,

(2) Rents on nonproducing leases, where specified.

(b) When you submit Form MMS-2014 data electronically, you must not submit the form itself.

(c) Completed Forms MMS-2014 for royalty payments are due by the end of the month following the production month.